

IN THE SPECIFICATION

On page 10, please replace par. 1 with the following amended paragraph.

The electrochromic device (Fig. 1 or Fig. 2) comprises two optically transparent electrodes 1 and 2 applied onto substrates 3 and 4, respectively. In most cases, glass substrates 3 and 4 are glass plates or polymer films, the surface area of which is determined by the particular application of the electrochromic device. In electrochromic mirrors or in the electrochromic devices for data display means, it is admissible to use only one optically transparent electrode.

On page 10, please replace par. 2 with the following amended paragraph.

Along the longer sides of substrates 3 and 4 over the surface of optically transparent electrodes 1 and 2, feed wires 5 and 6 are laid. Substrates 3 and 4 are bonded together along the perimeter by adhesive joint 7 to give a closed space. The adhesive joint 7 can be, in particular, a glue line or a two-sided adhesive tape of the VHB type (manufactured by Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing Company). In this case feed wire 5 or 6 between the adhesive joint 7 and electrode 1 or 2, respectively, may be made as one wire (Fig. 2) or as at least two parallel conductors (~~Fig. 2)~~ (Fig. 1) to provide a reliable electric contact. When a glue line is used, spacers are arranged inside the line to ensure a specified distance between the optically transparent electrodes 1 and 2. The two-sided adhesive tape is used to produce the adhesive joint 7 if the thickness

of the backing of the tape corresponds to the specified distance between electrodes 1 and 2. The closed space between electrodes 1 and 2 is filled with electrochromic composition 8 comprising optionally an UV-stabilizing additive and is sealed. The feed wires 5 and 6 are connected to control unit 9.